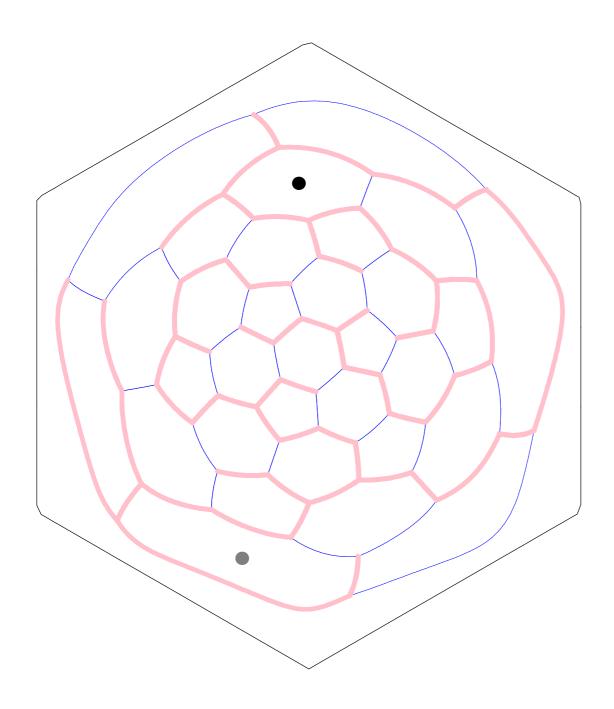
Mazes on Uniform Polyhedra

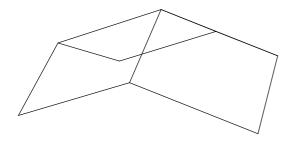


Introduction

Let as take an example. We are given a uniform polyhedron.

rhombicuboctahedron

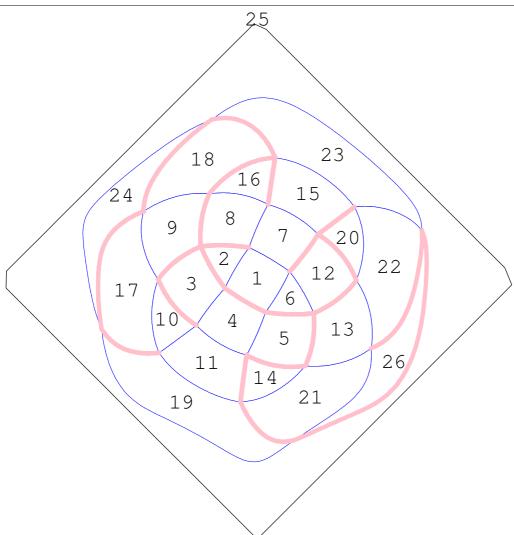
 ${4, 3, 4, 4}$

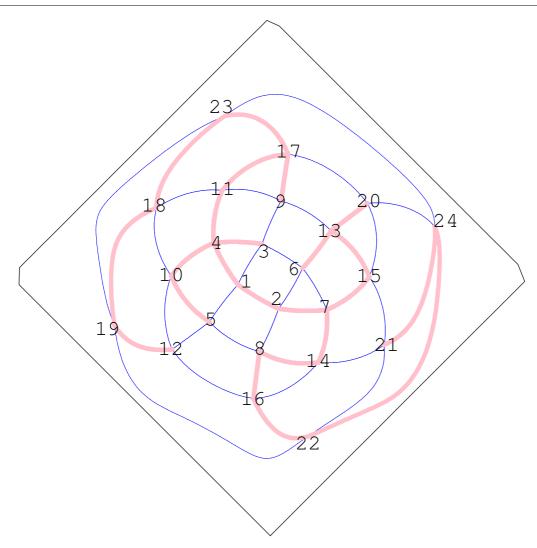




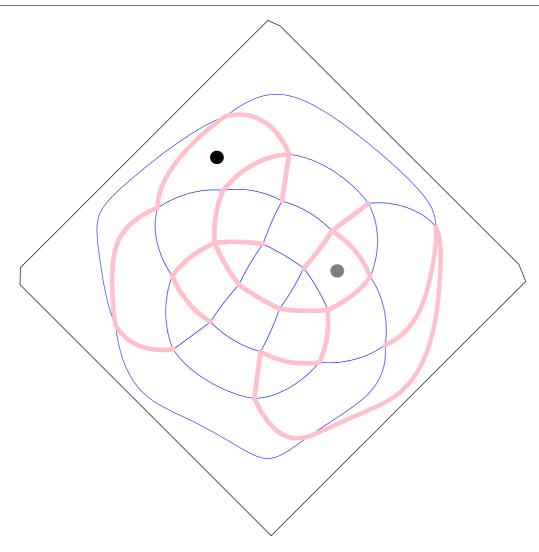
In Mathematica the polyhedron is given by a list of faces and with a list of koordinates of vertices [Roman E. Maeder, The Mathematica Programmer II, Academic Press1996]. The list of faces consists of a list of lists, where a face is represented by a list of vertices, which is given by a matrix. Let us show the first five faces:

The nest two figures represent faces and vertices. The polyhedron is projected onto supescribed sphere and the sphere is projected by a cartographic projection.

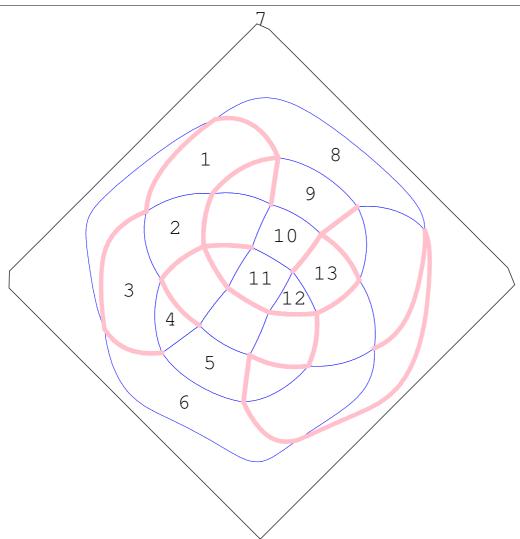




The problem is to find the path from the black dot to gray dot, where thick lines represent walls of a maze.

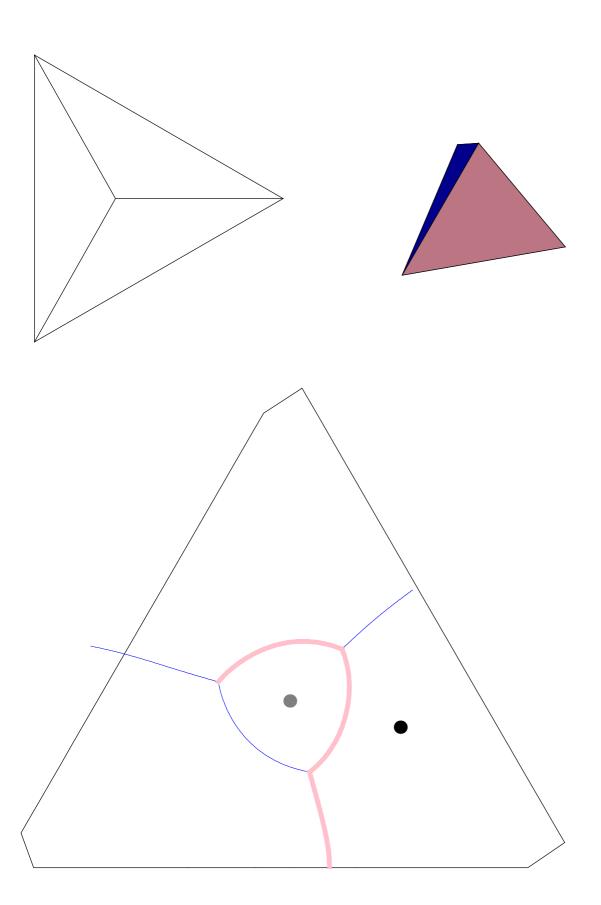


The solution is given by a list of faces passed from the black to gray dot.

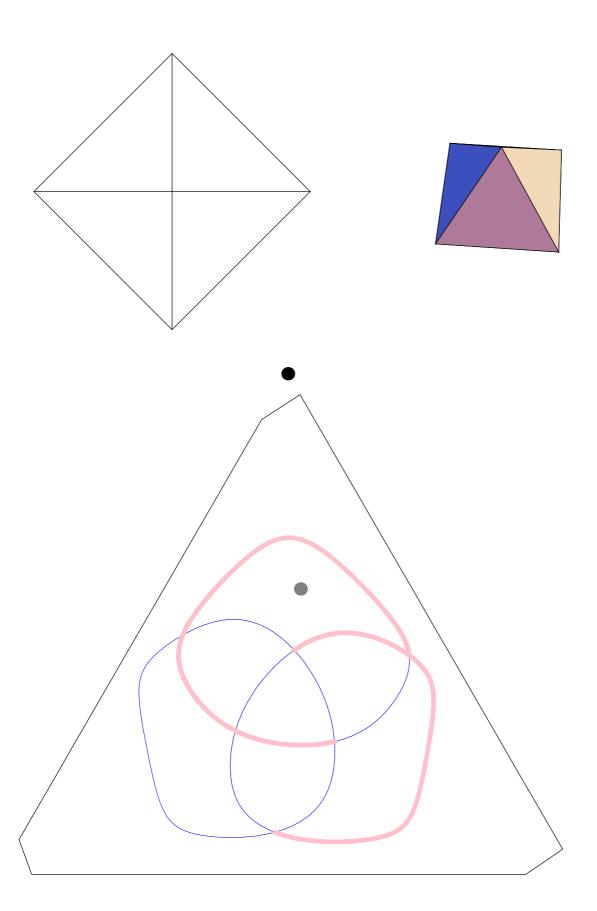


Problems

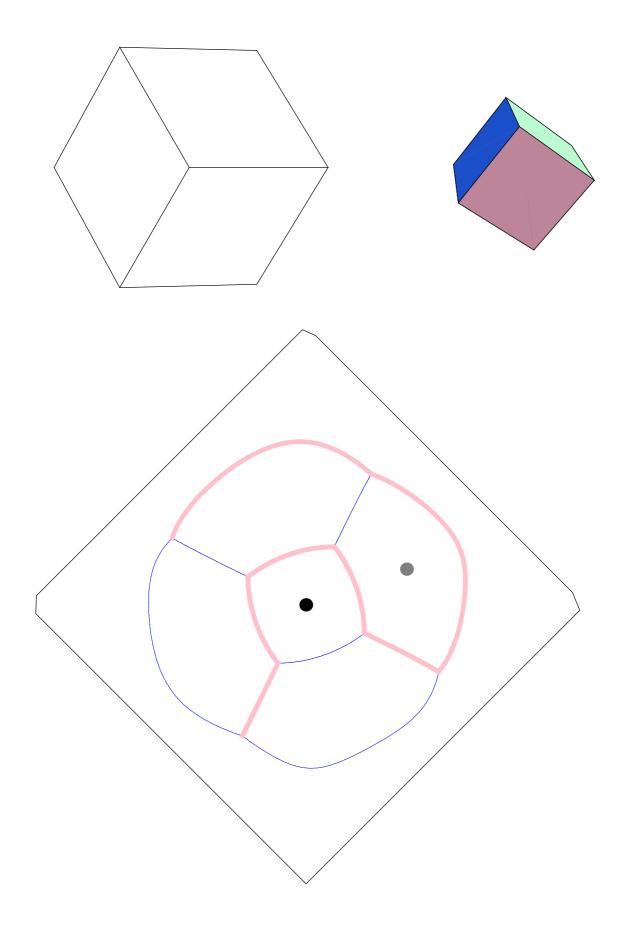
tetrahedron ${3,3,3}$



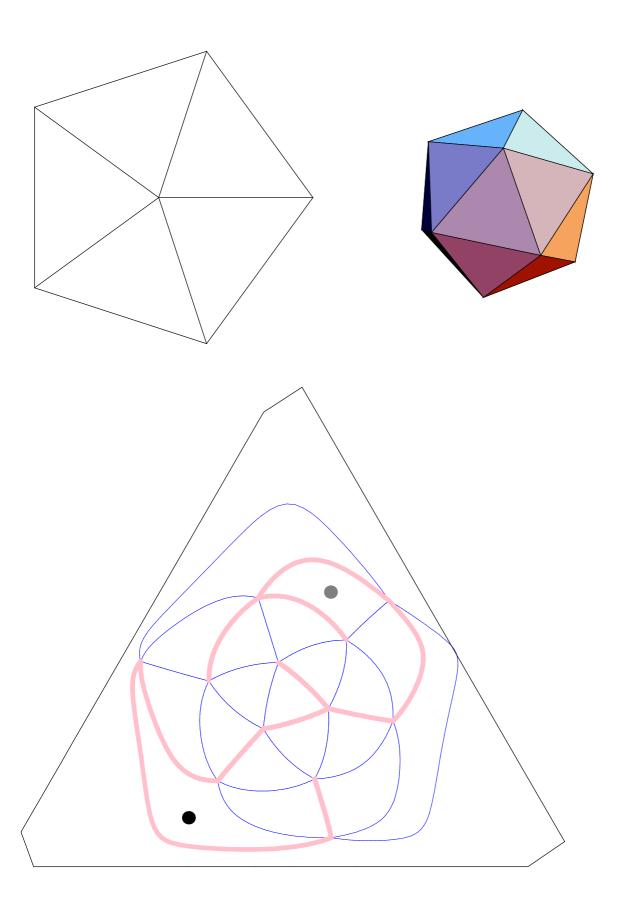
octahedron $\{3, 3, 3, 3\}$



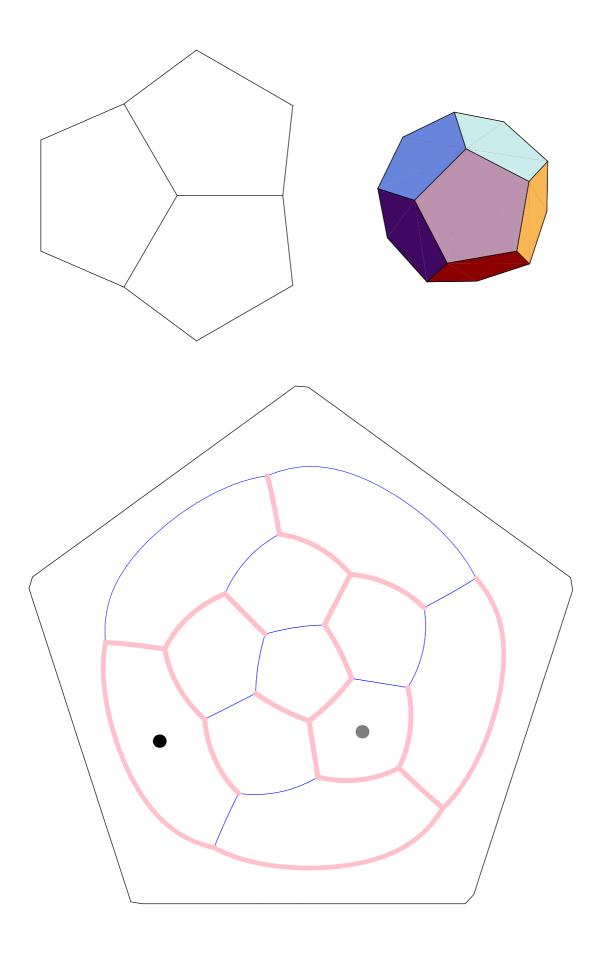
cube {4, 4, 4}



icosahedron ${3, 3, 3, 3, 3}$

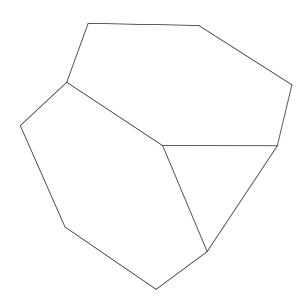


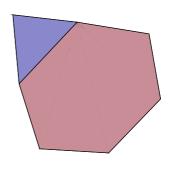
dodecahedron {5, 5, 5}

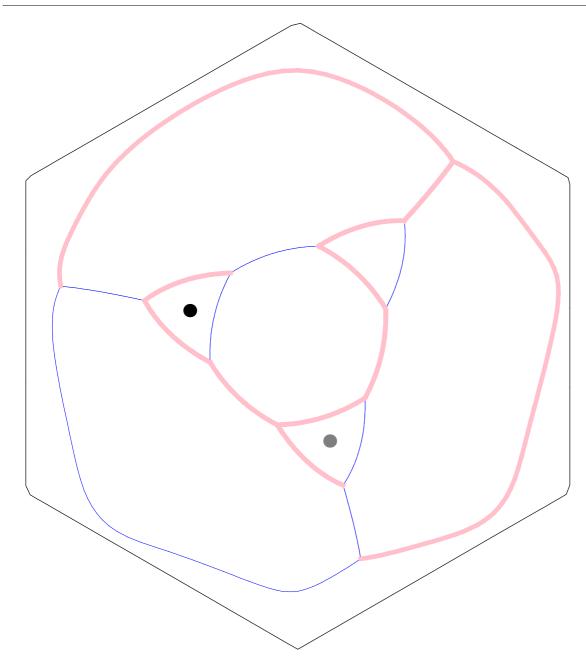


truncated tetrahedron

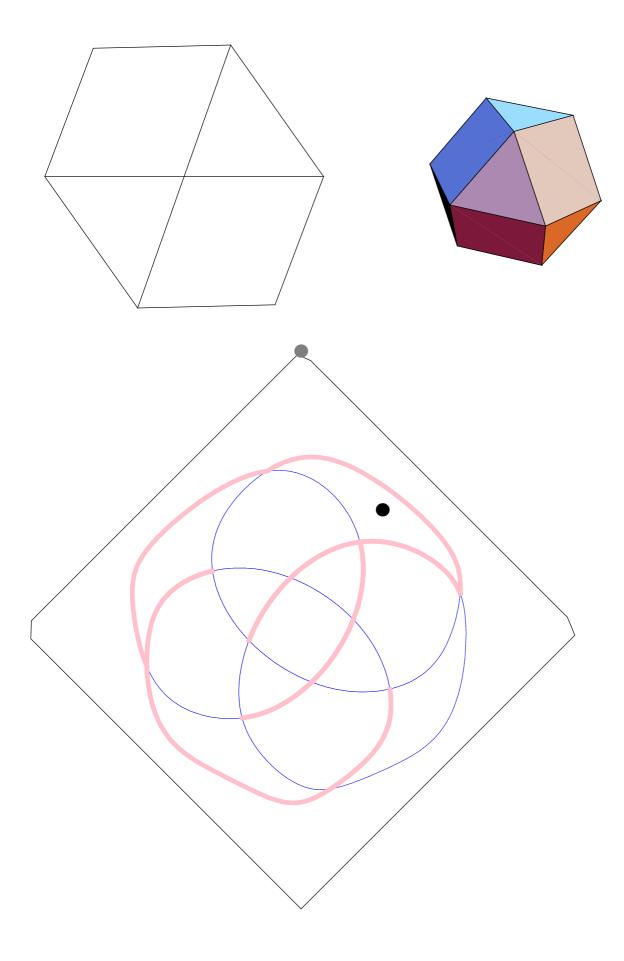
{6, 6, 3}





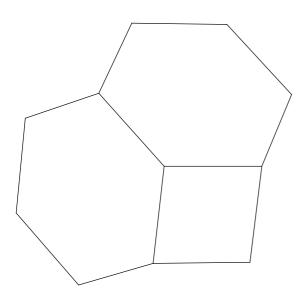


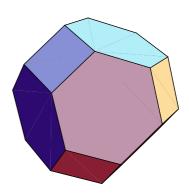
 $cuboctahedron \\ \{3,4,3,4\}$

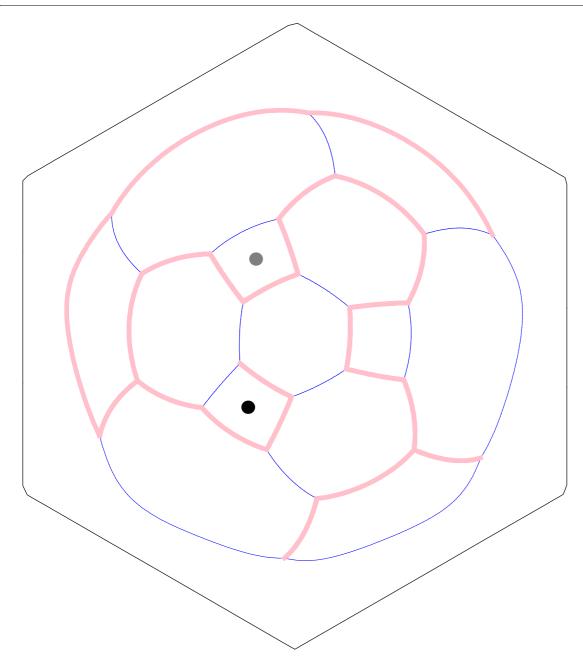


truncated octahedron

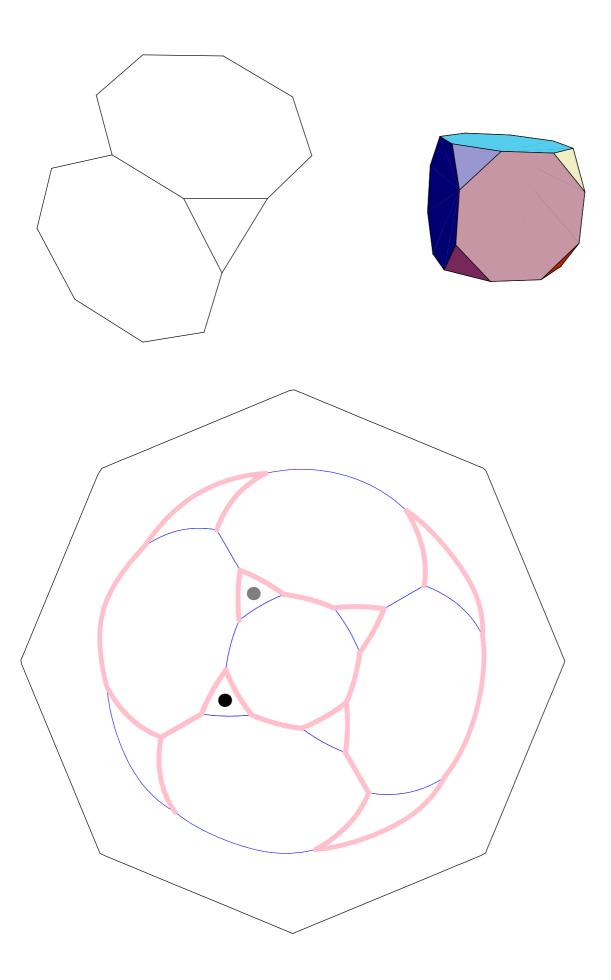
{6, 6, 4}

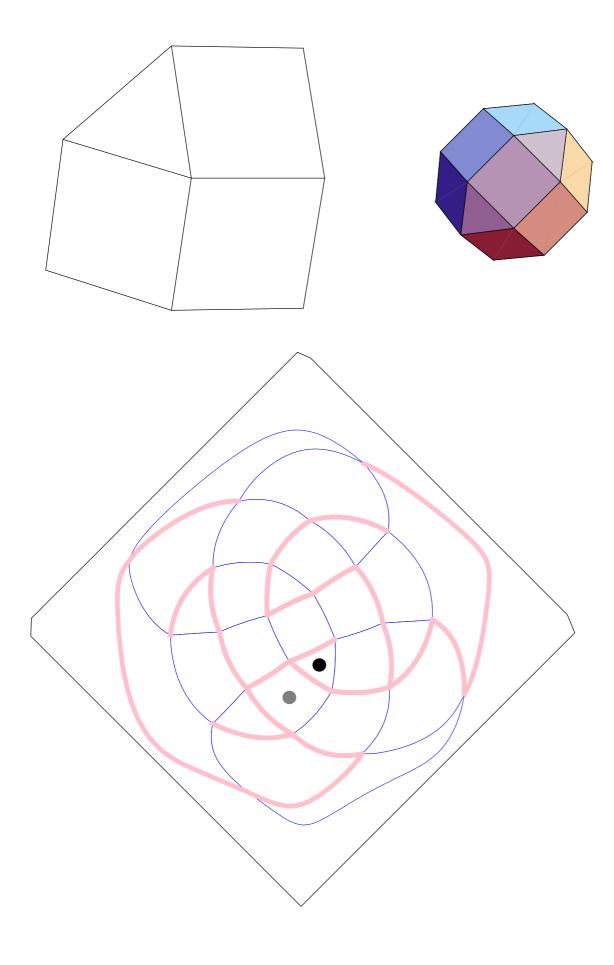






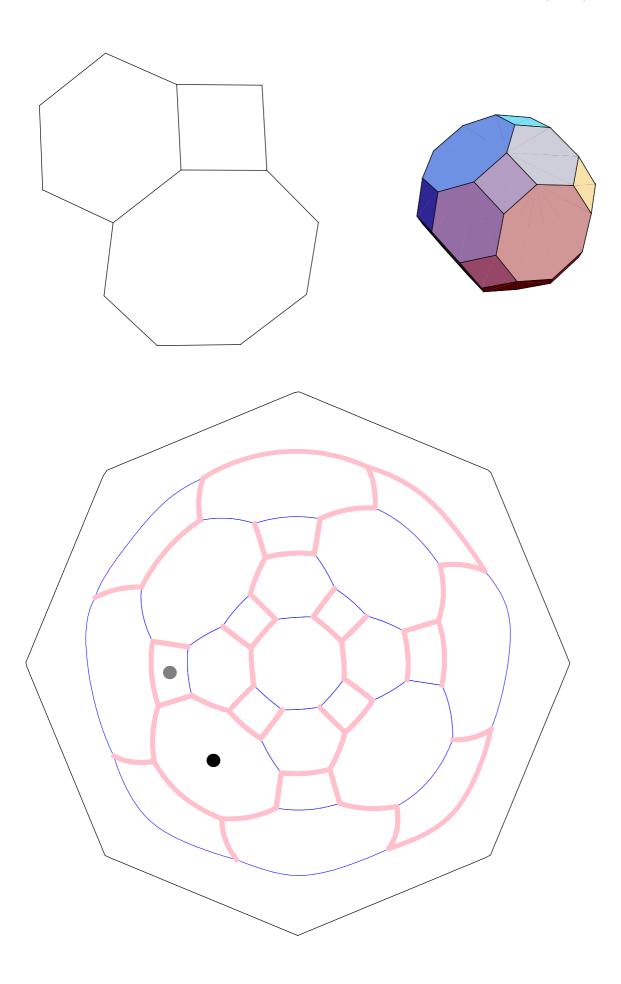
truncated cube $\{8, 8, 3\}$



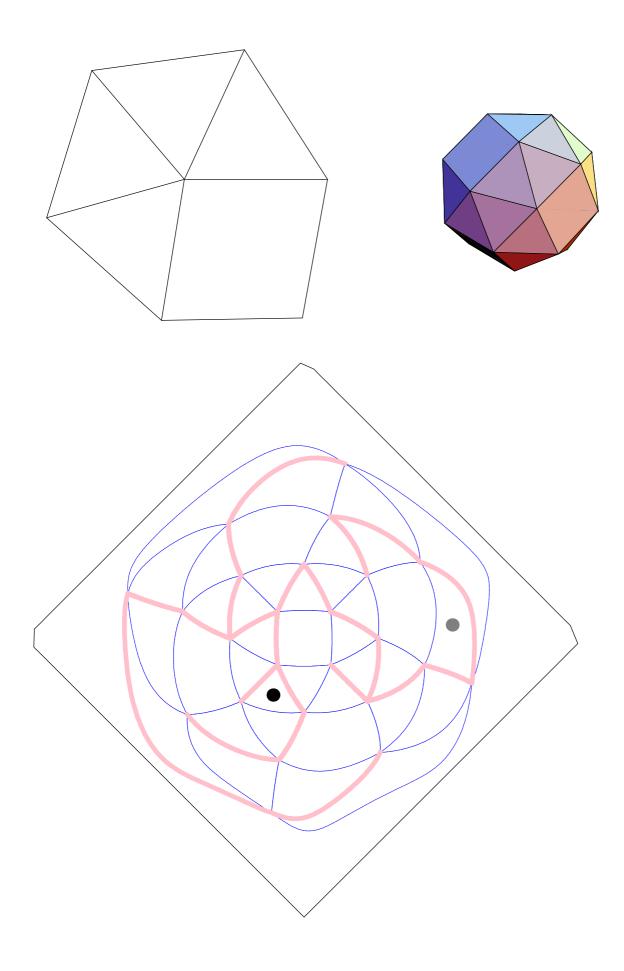


truncated cuboctahedron

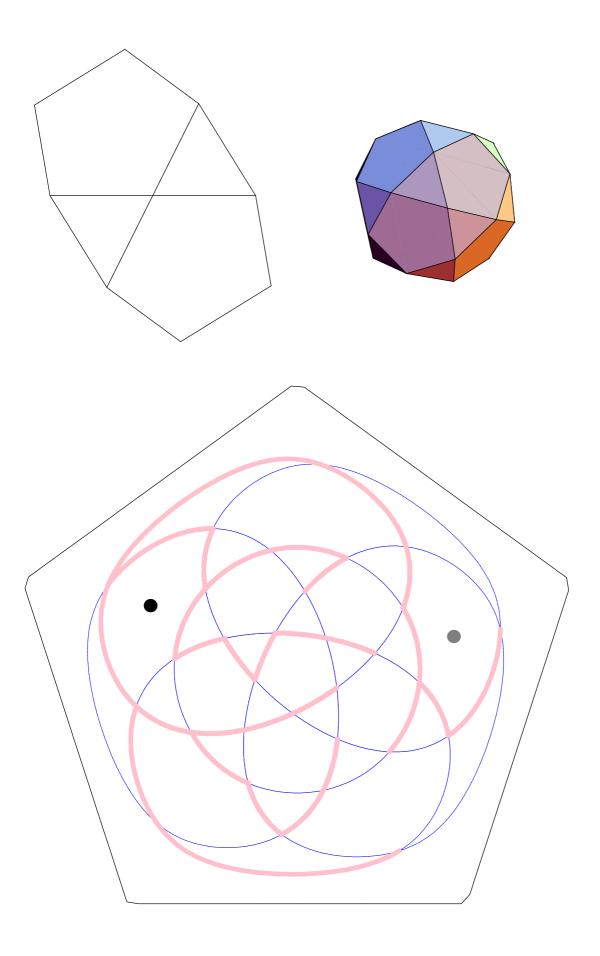
{4, 6, 8}



snub cube ${3, 3, 3, 3, 4}$

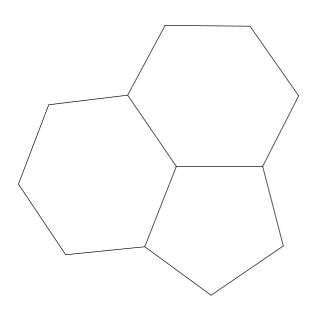


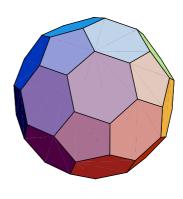
icosidodecahedron $\{3, 5, 3, 5\}$

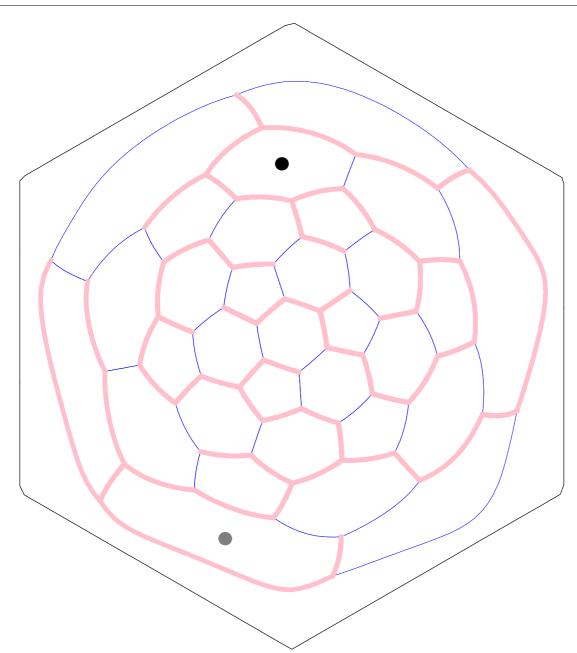


truncated icosahedron

{6, 6, 5}

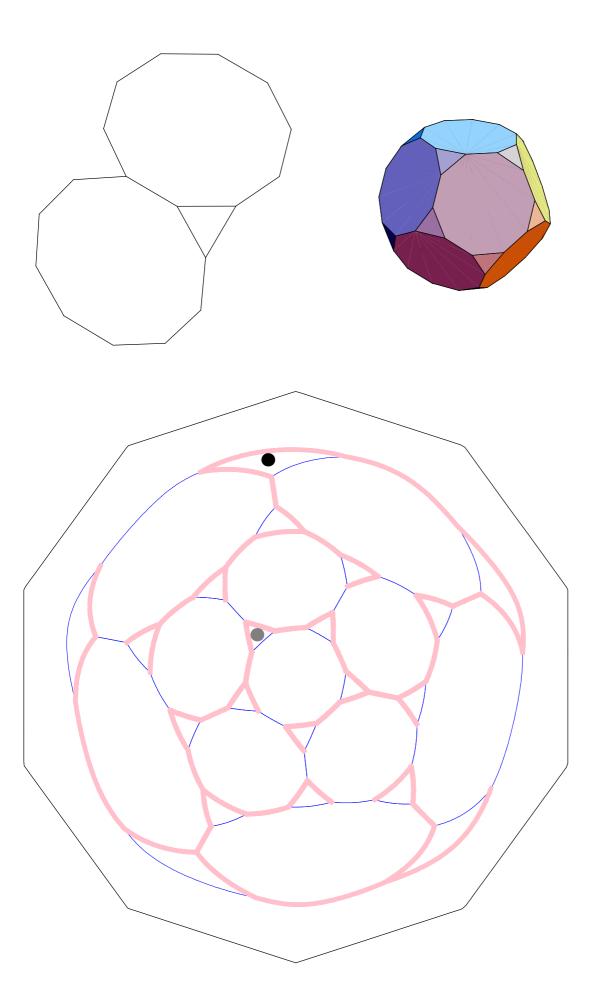






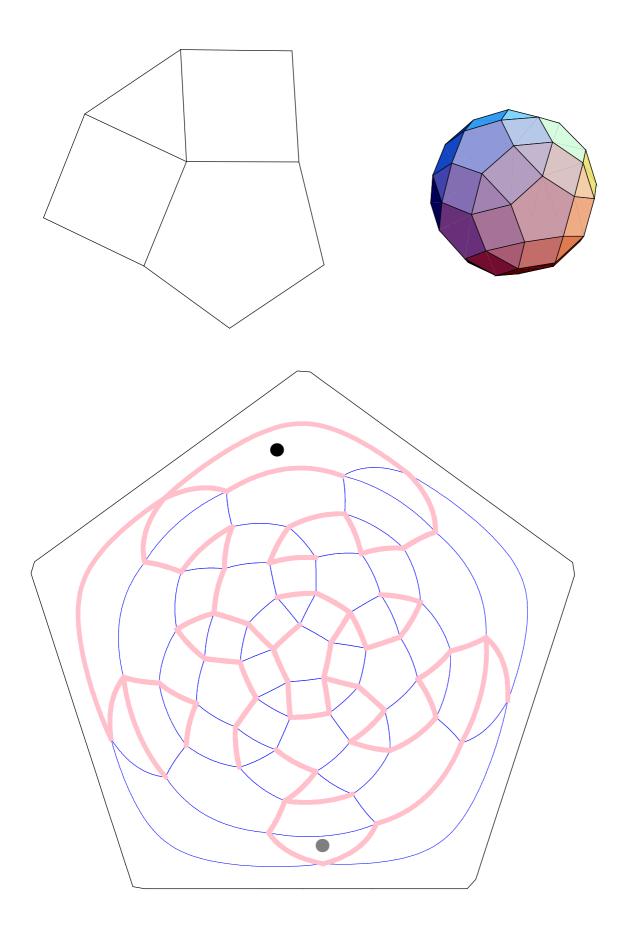
truncated dodecahedron

{10, 10, 3}



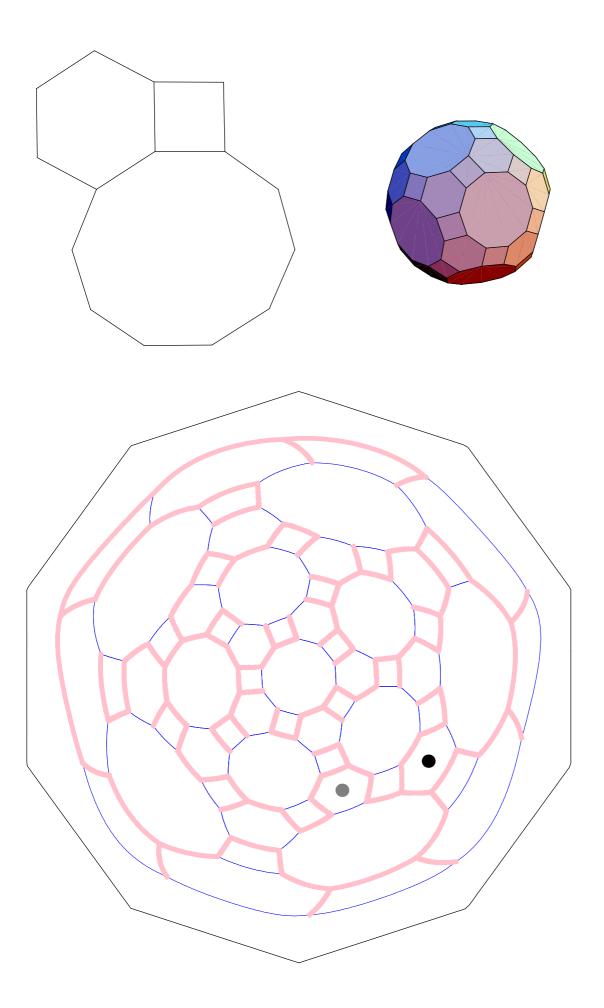
rhombicosidodecahedron

{4, 3, 4, 5}

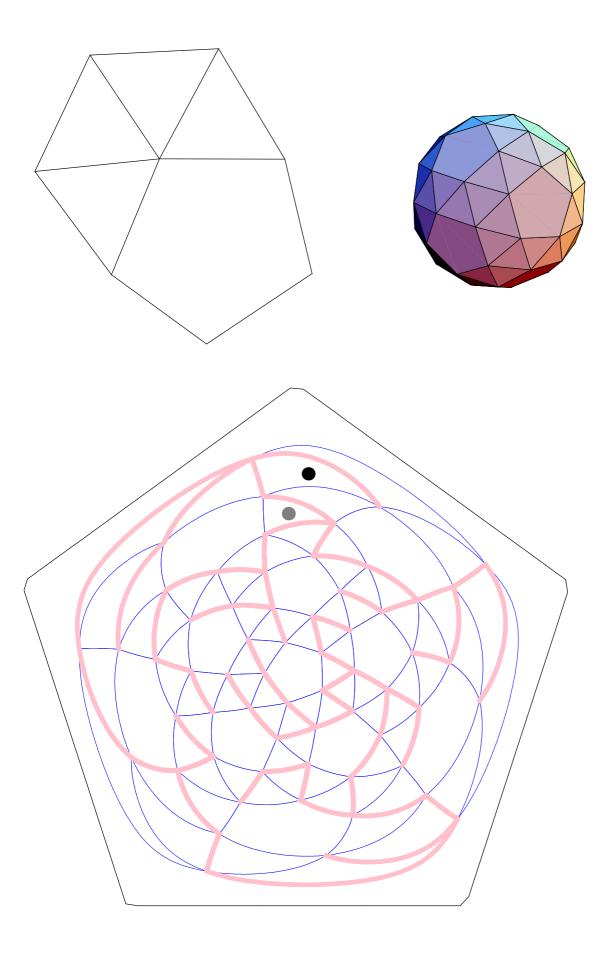


truncated icosidodecahedron

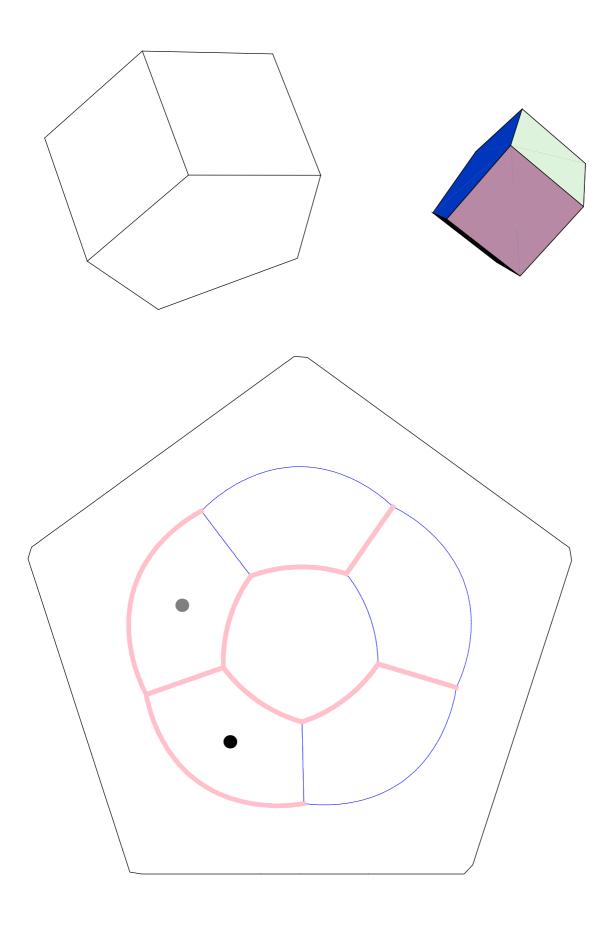
{4, 6, 10}



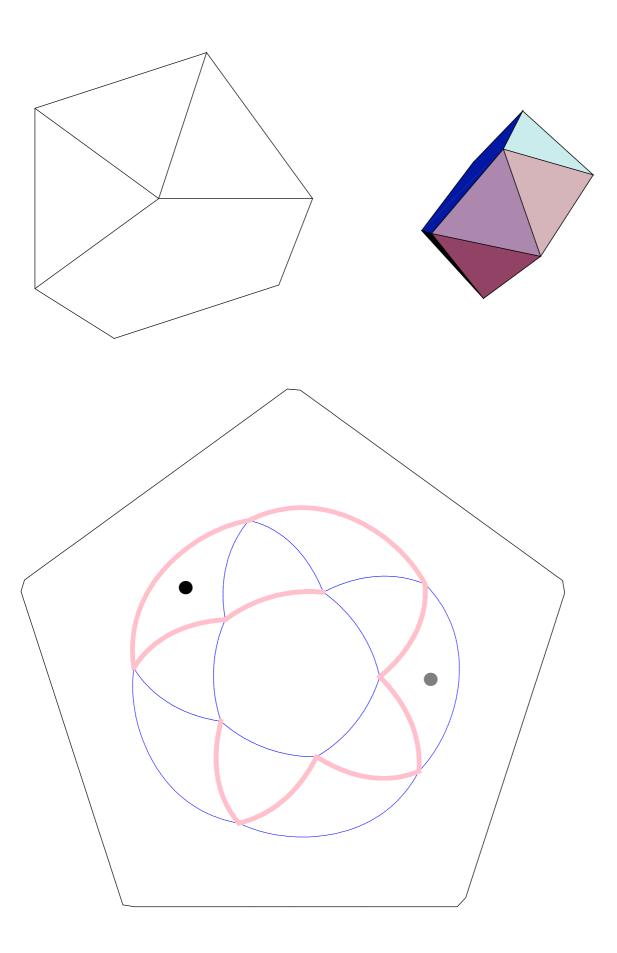
snub dodecahedron $\{3, 3, 3, 3, 5\}$



pentagonal prism {4, 4, 5}

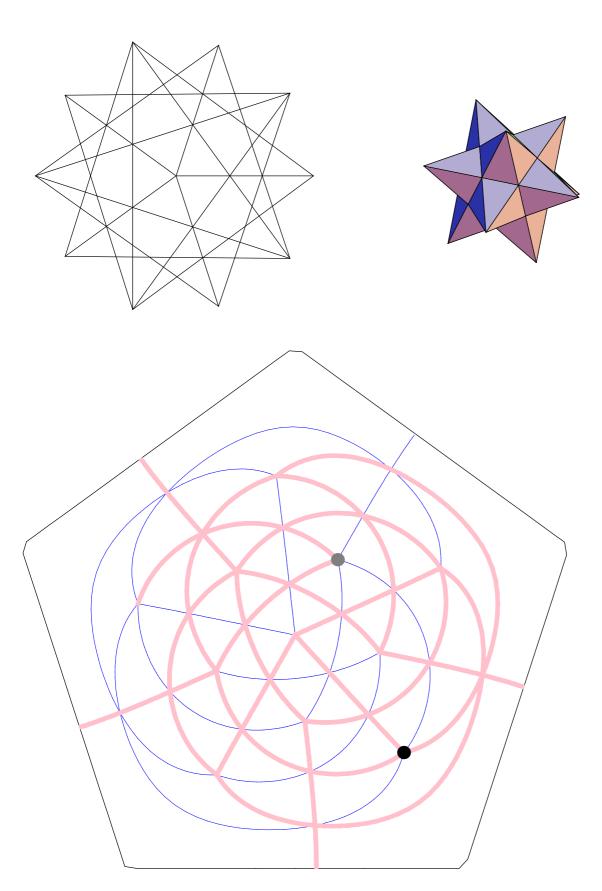


pentagonal antiprism ${3,3,3,5}$

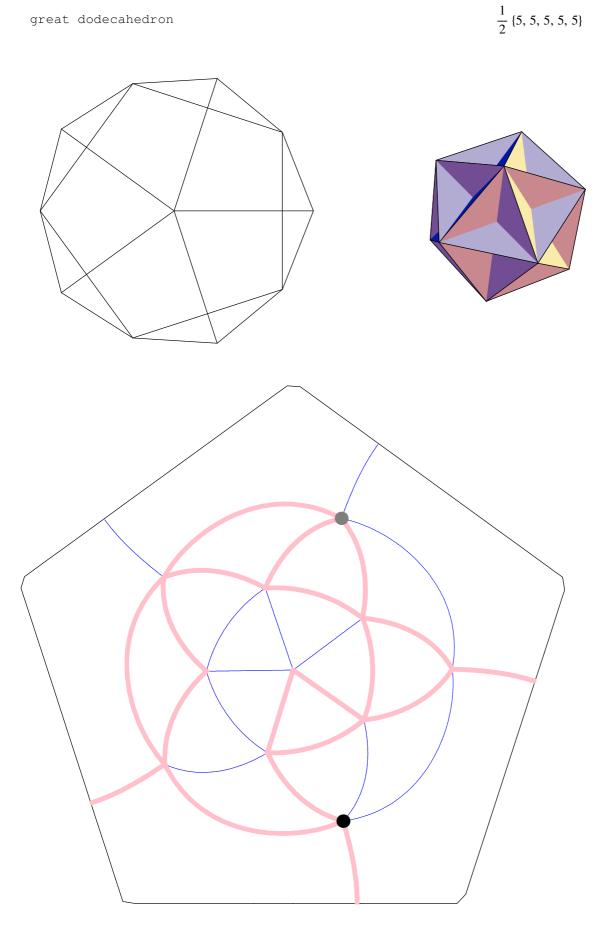


small stellated dodecahedron

$$\left\{\frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right\}$$

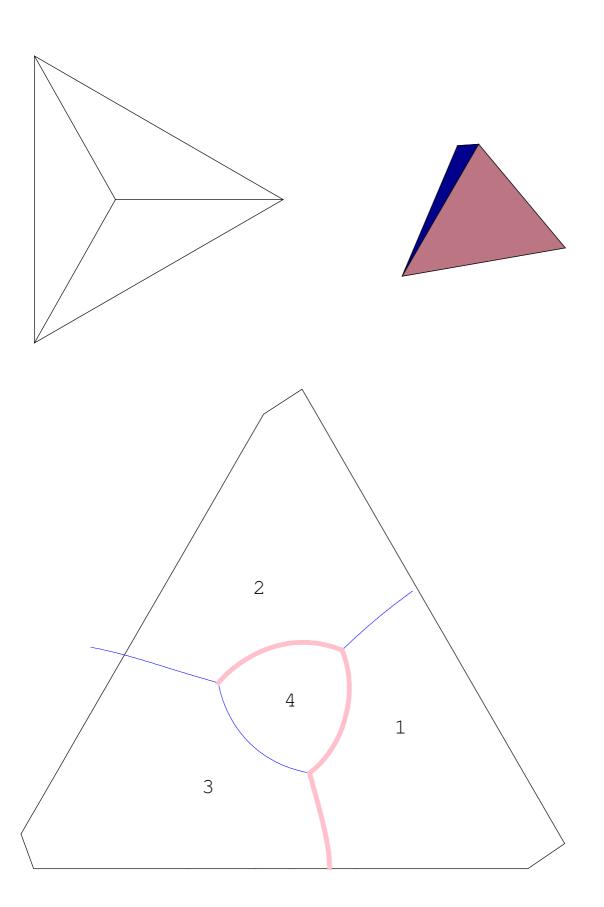


great dodecahedron

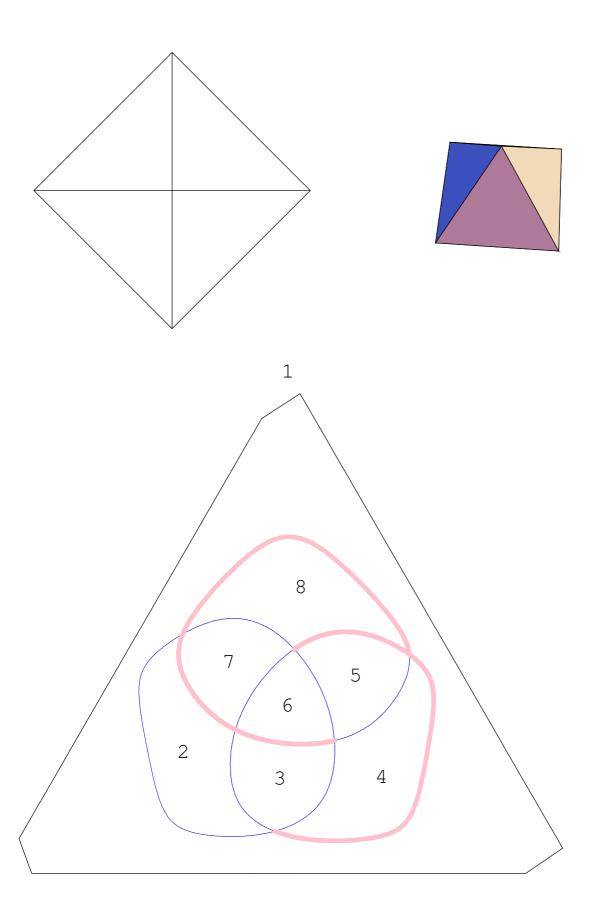


Solutions

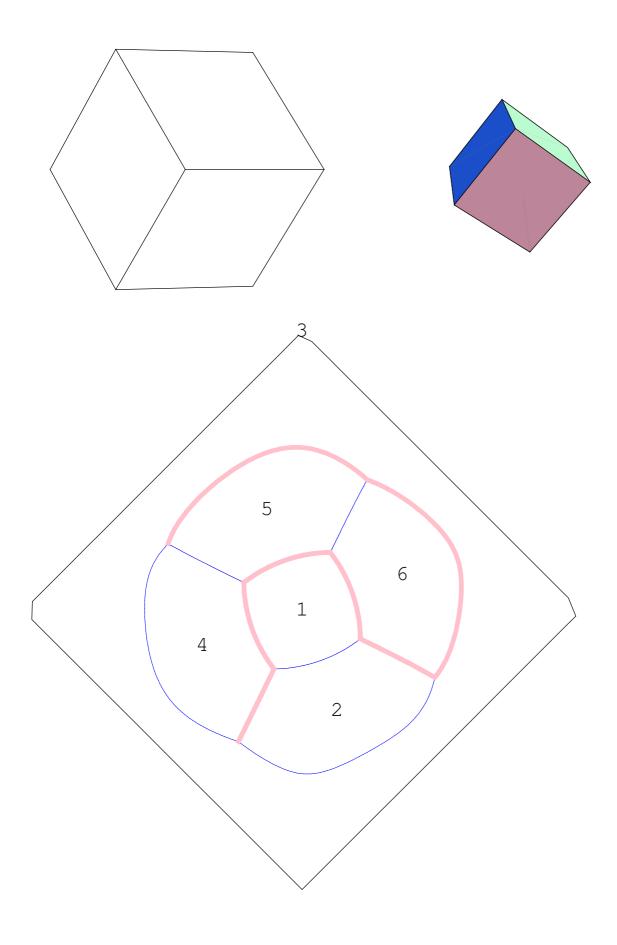
tetrahedron ${3,3,3}$



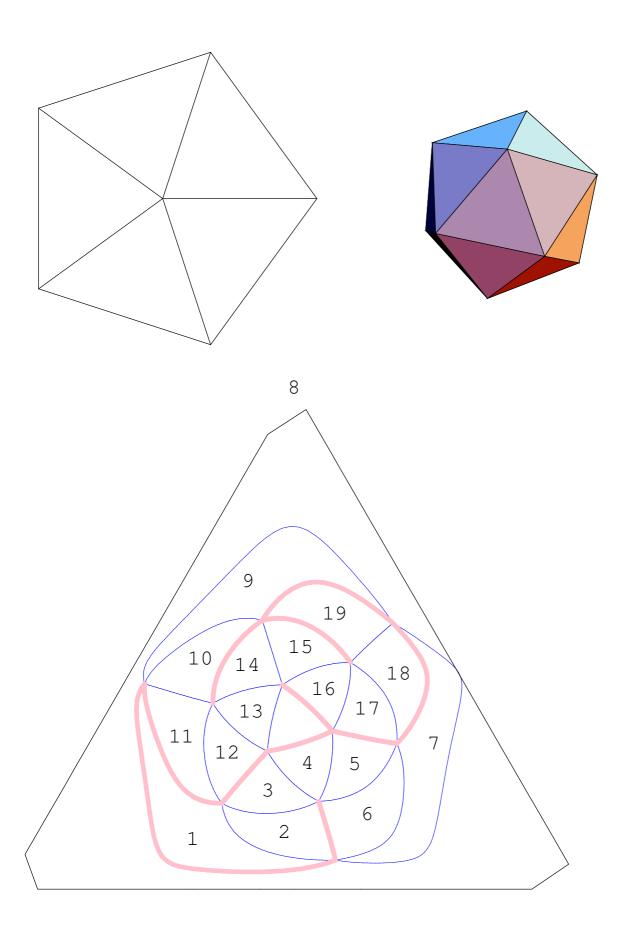
octahedron $\{3, 3, 3, 3\}$



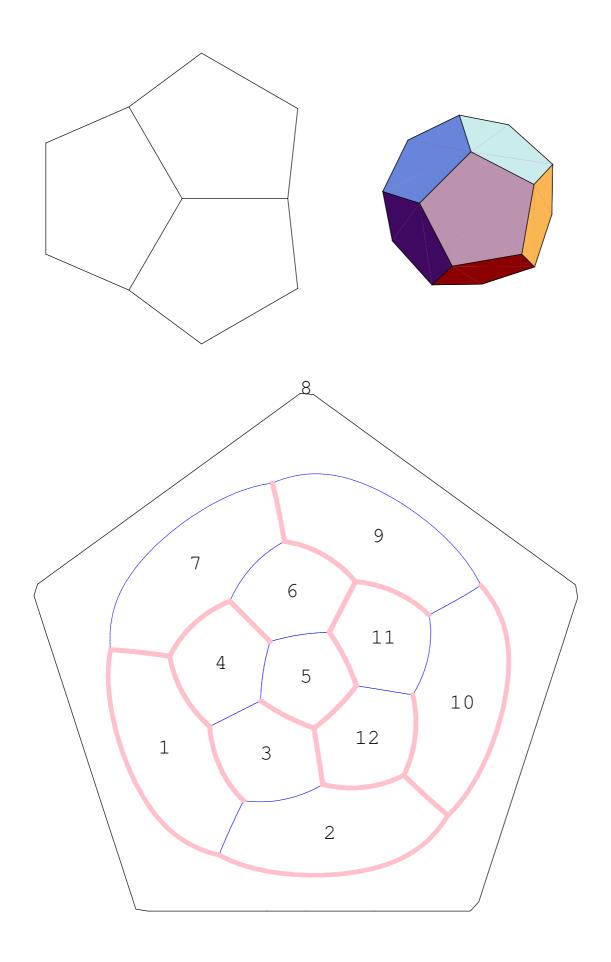
cube {4, 4, 4}



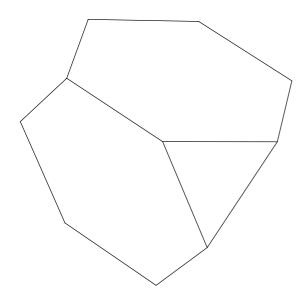
icosahedron ${3, 3, 3, 3, 3}$

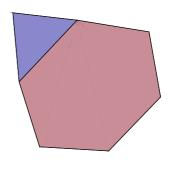


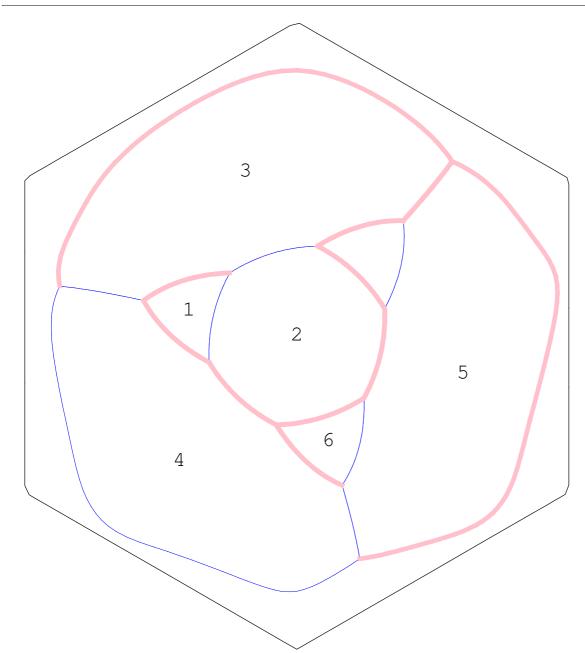
dodecahedron {5, 5, 5}



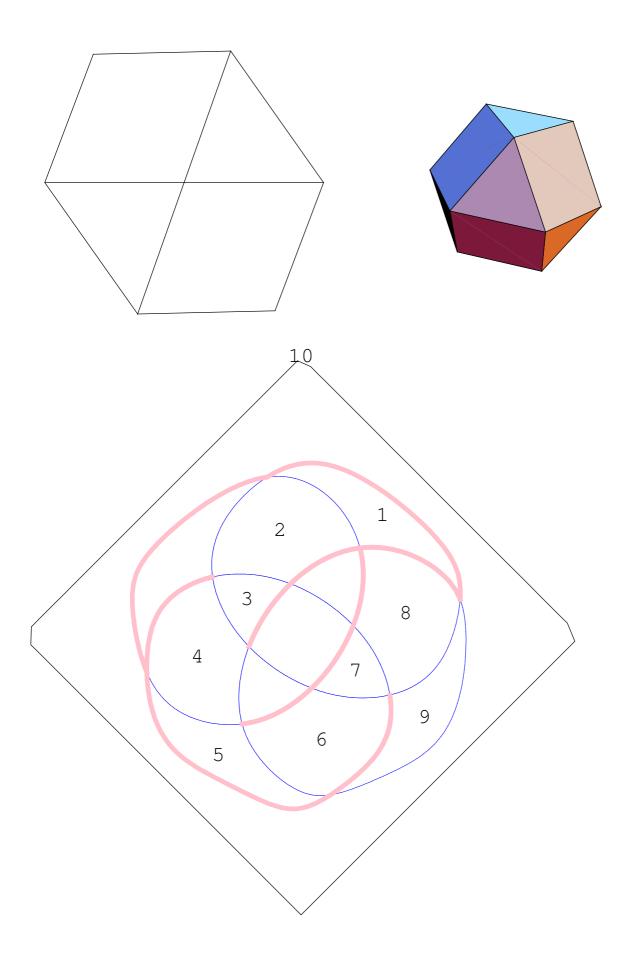
truncated tetrahedron $\{6, 6, 3\}$



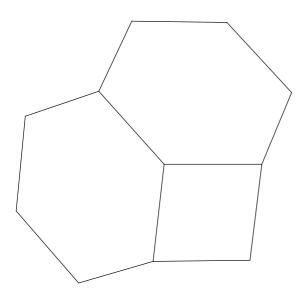


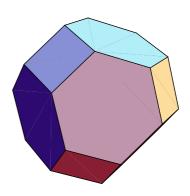


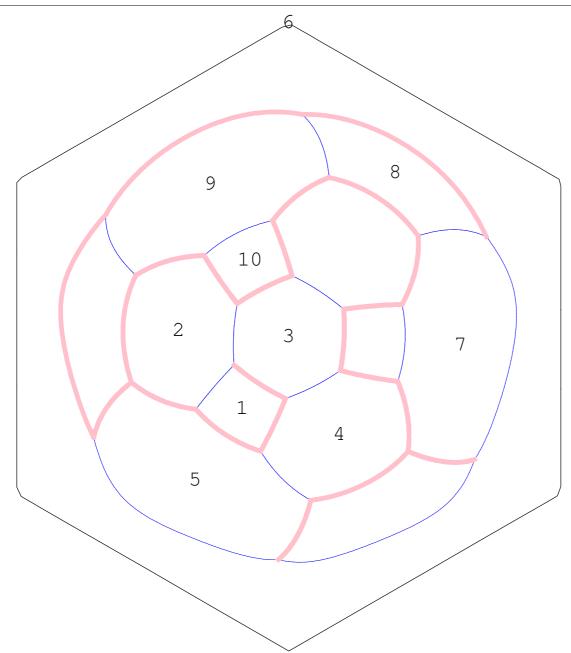
 $\qquad \qquad \text{cuboctahedron} \\ \qquad \{3,4,3,4\}$



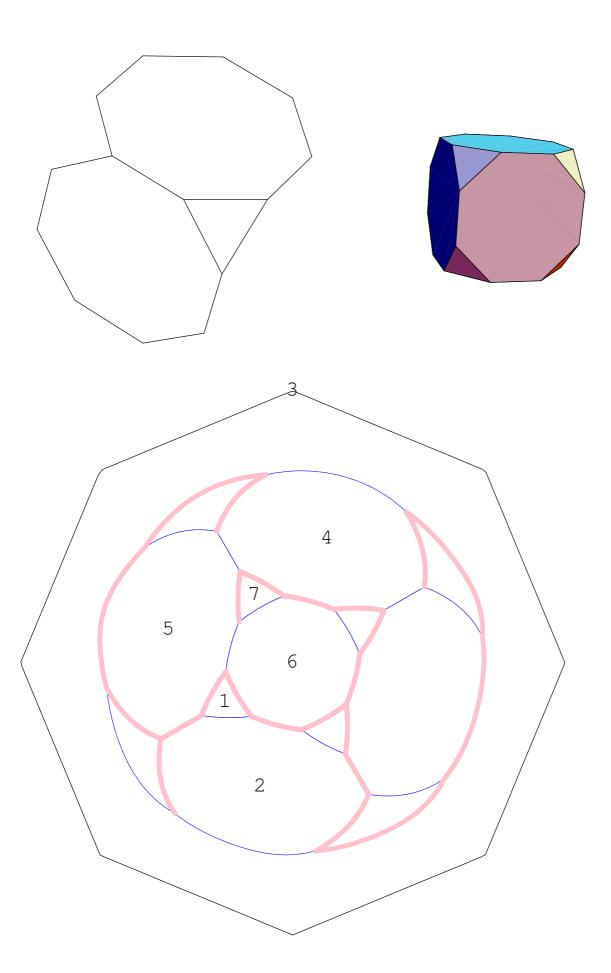
truncated octahedron $\{6, 6, 4\}$



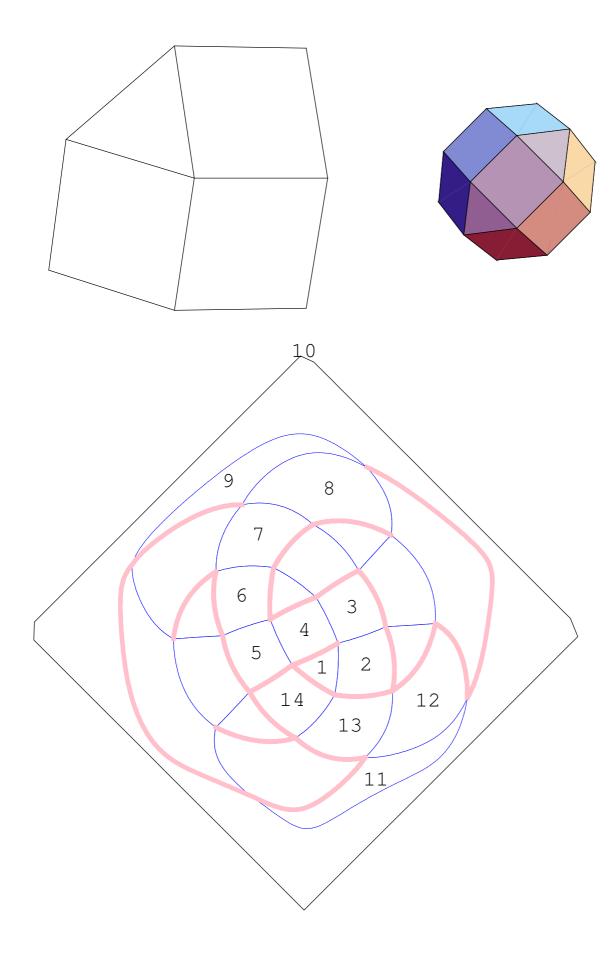




truncated cube $\{8, 8, 3\}$

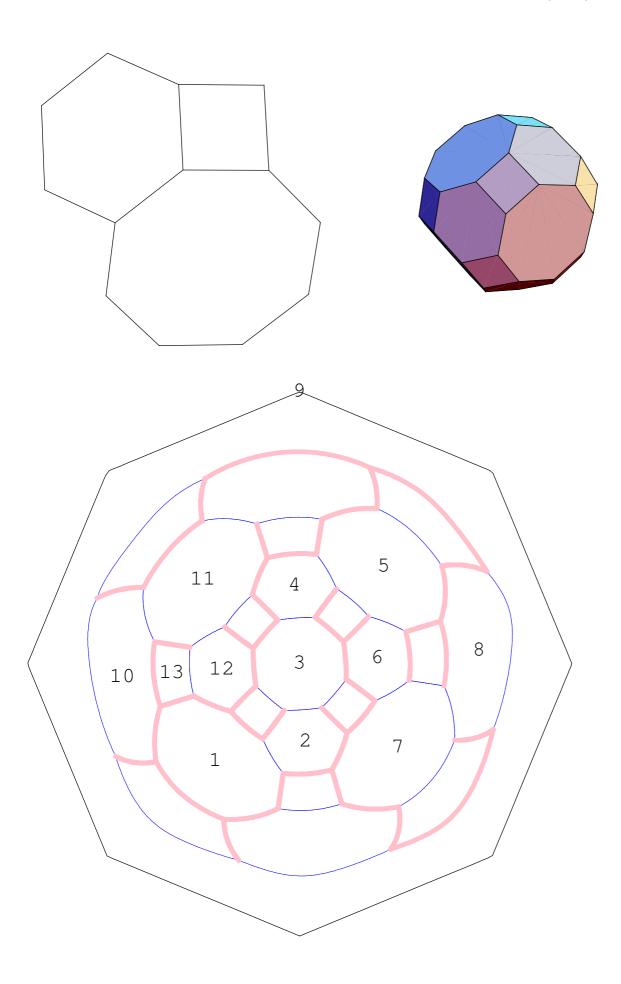


rhombicuboctahedron {4, 3, 4, 4}

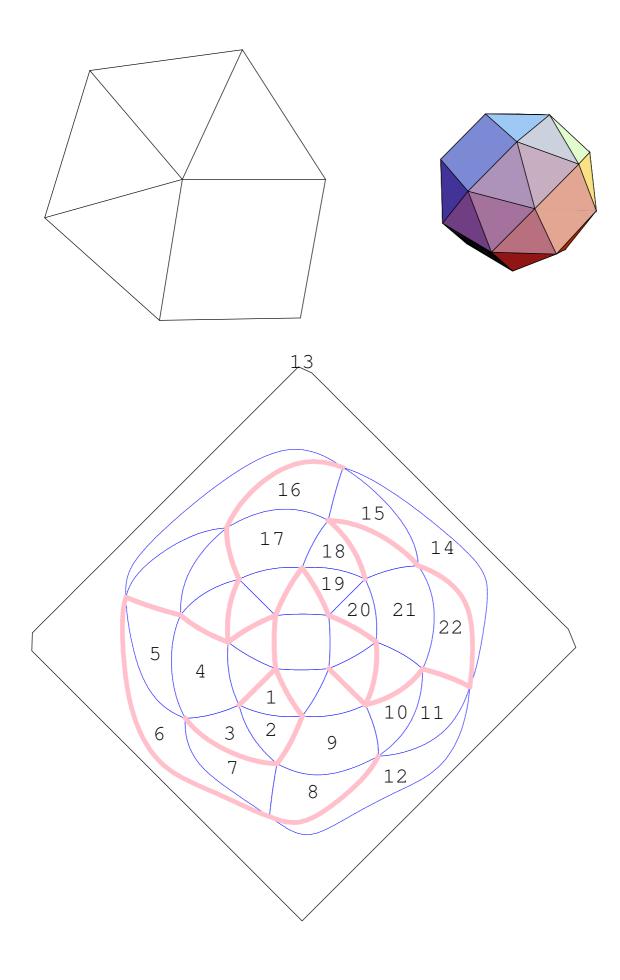


truncated cuboctahedron

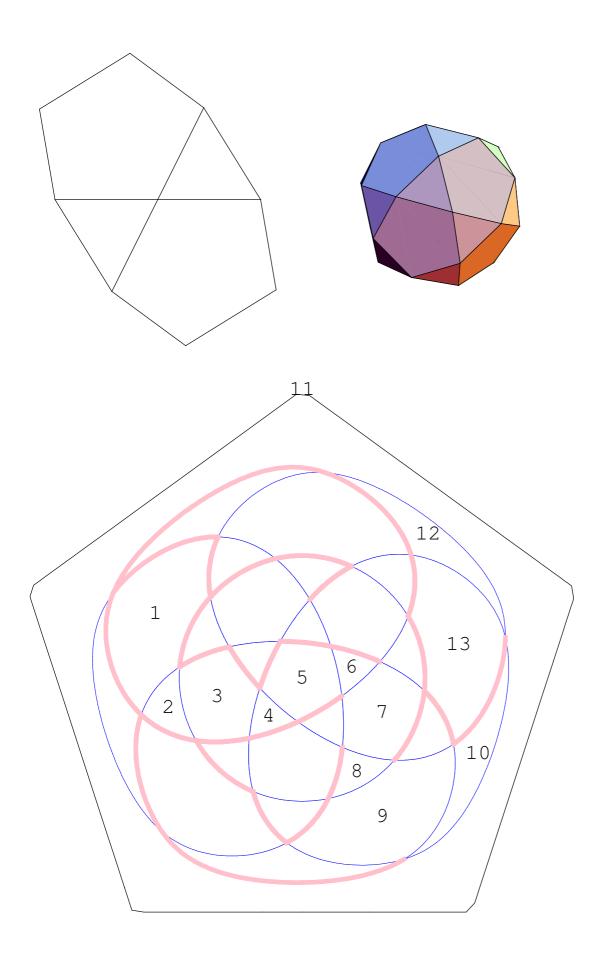
{4, 6, 8}



snub cube ${3, 3, 3, 3, 4}$

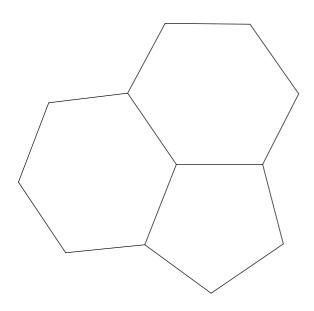


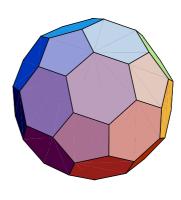
icosidodecahedron $\{3, 5, 3, 5\}$

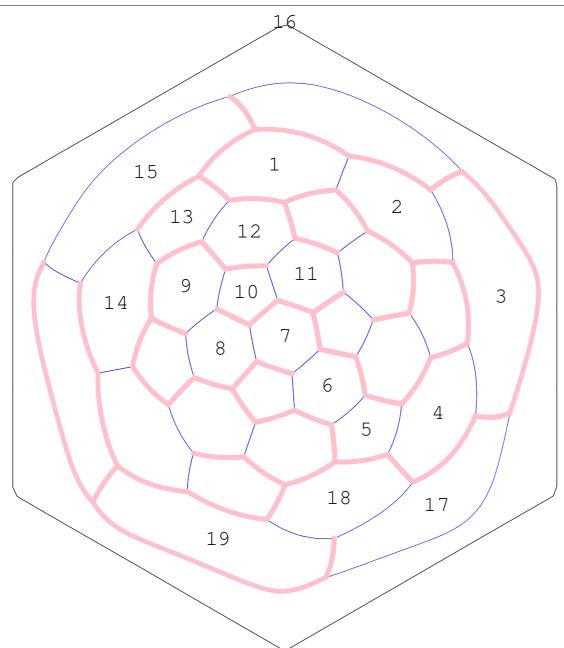


truncated icosahedron

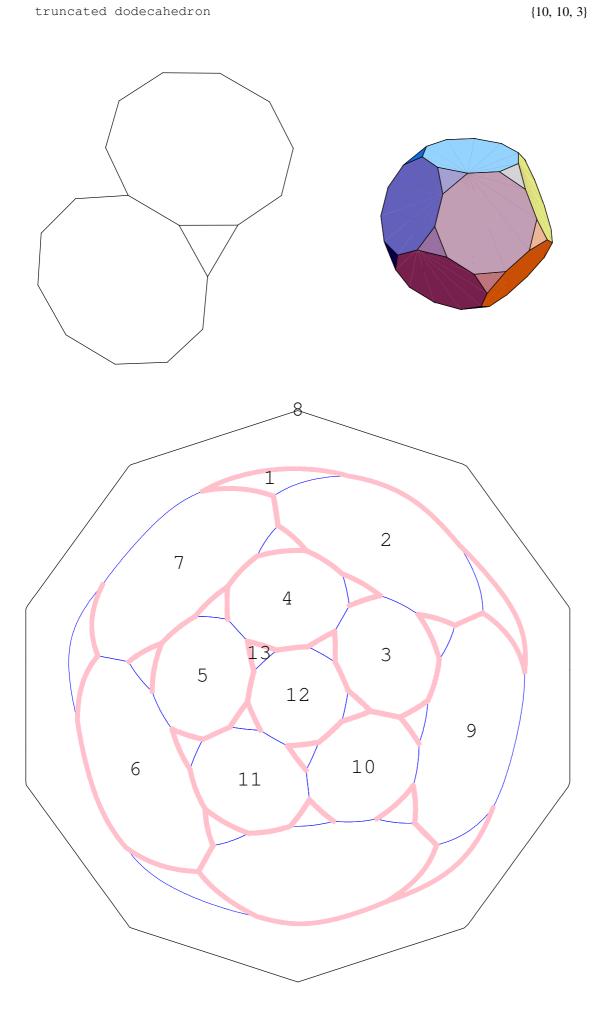
{6, 6, 5}





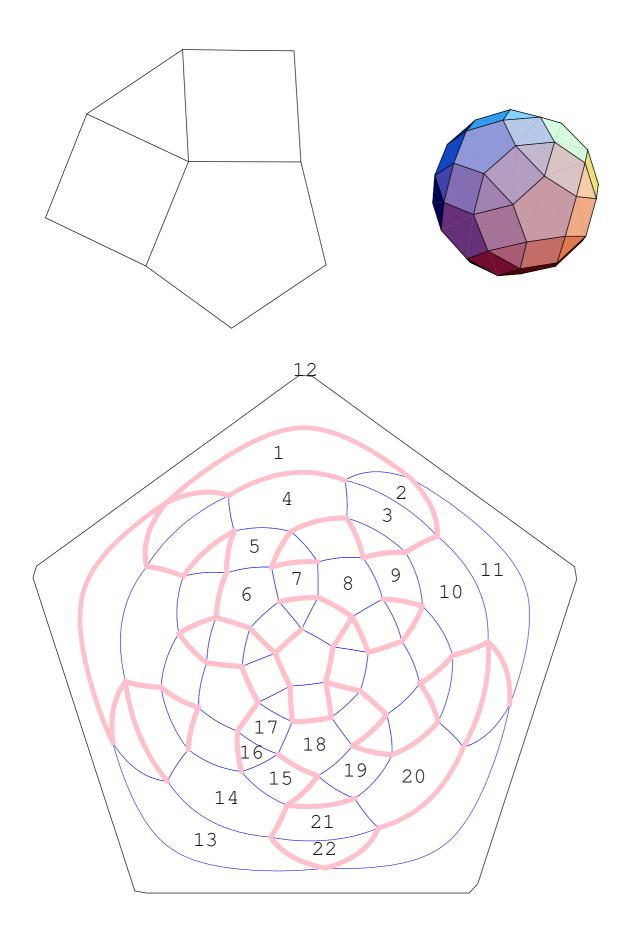


truncated dodecahedron



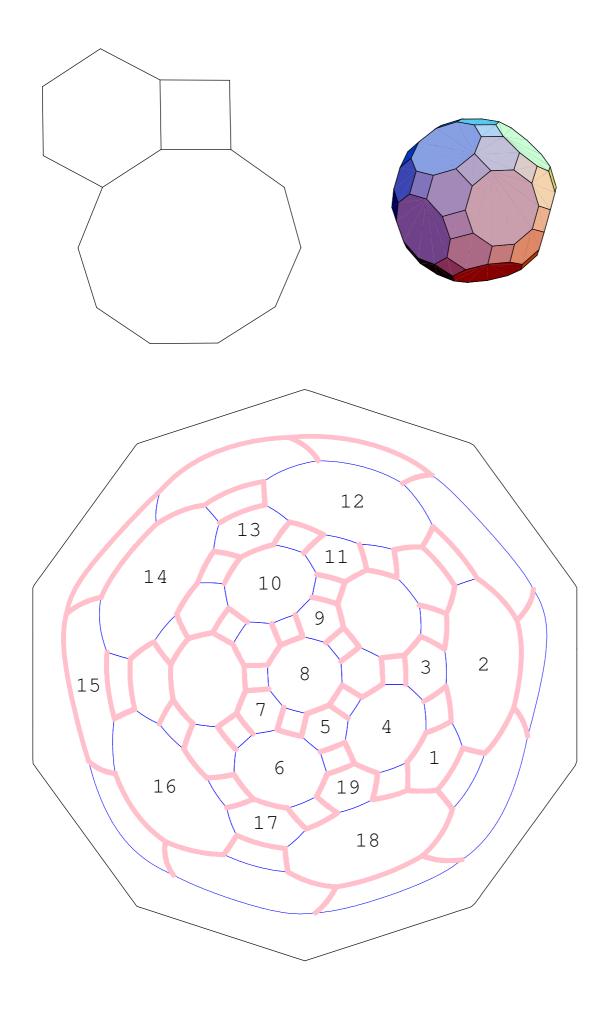
rhombicosidodecahedron

{4, 3, 4, 5}

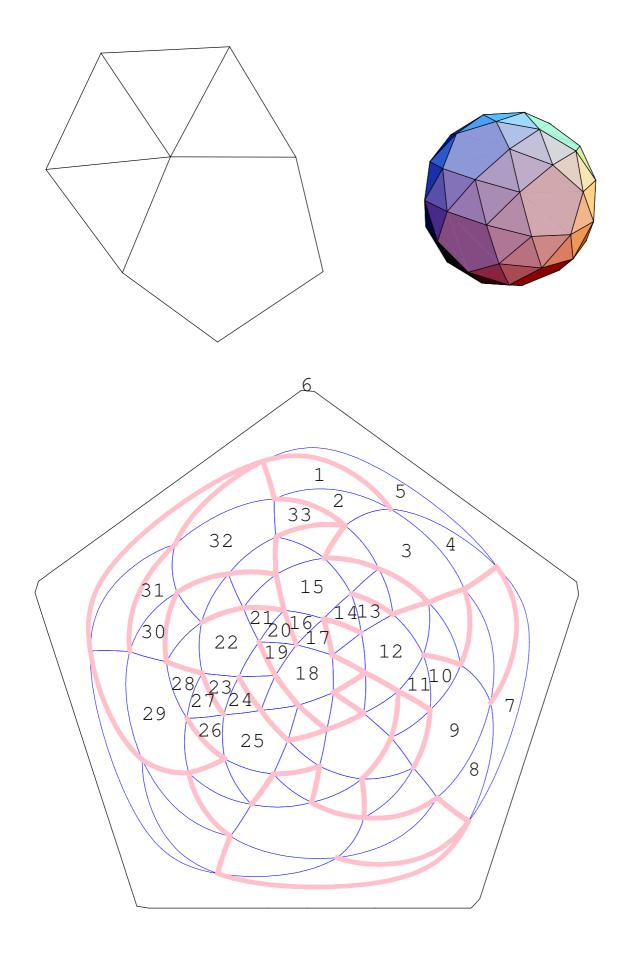


truncated icosidodecahedron

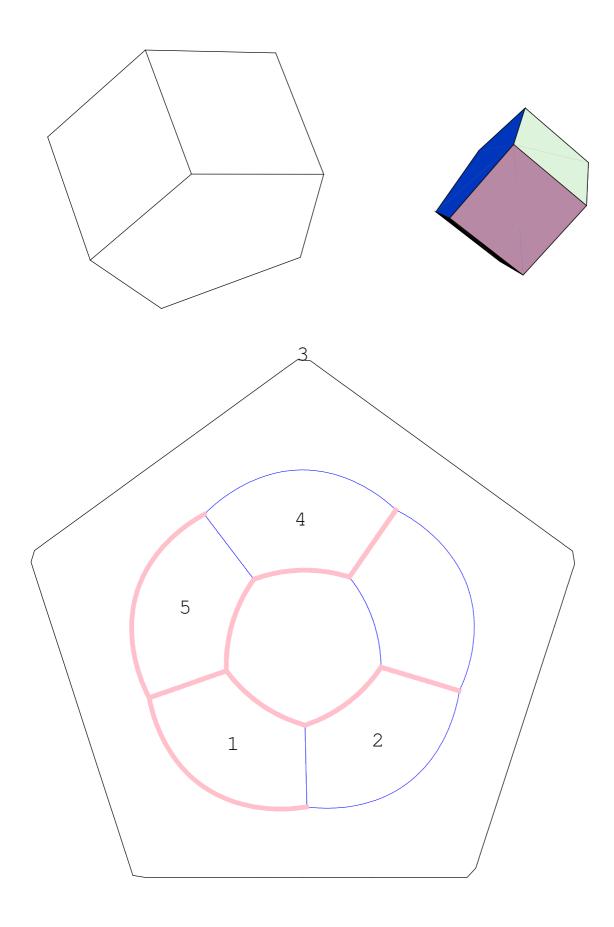
{4, 6, 10}



snub dodecahedron $\{3, 3, 3, 3, 5\}$

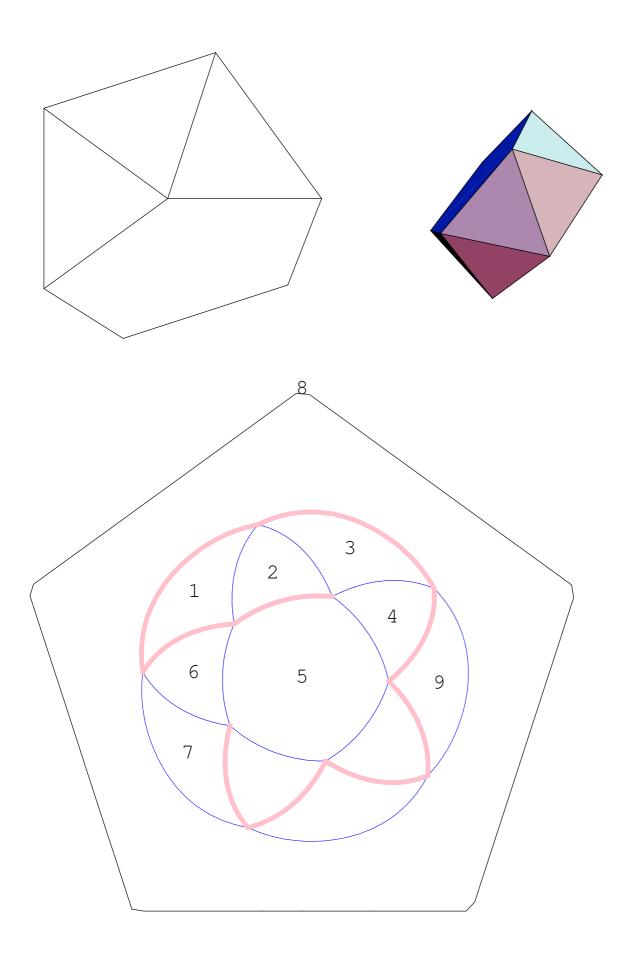


pentagonal prism {4, 4, 5}



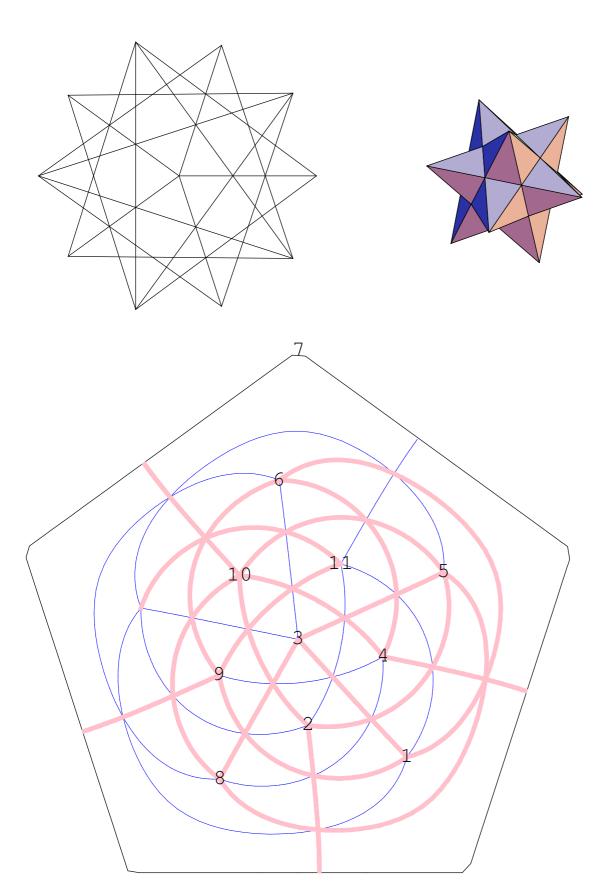
pentagonal antiprism

 ${3, 3, 3, 5}$



small stellated dodecahedron

$$\left\{\frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right\}$$



great dodecahedron $\frac{1}{2}\left\{5,\,5,\,5,\,5\right\}$

