

Rešitve kolokvija MATEMATIKE IV

5.4.2007

skupina A

1. naloga.

$$\begin{aligned}x'' + 4x' + 13x &= 0 \\s^2X - 3s + 4(sX - 3) + 13X &= 0 \\(s^2 + 4s + 13)X &= 3s + 12 \\X &= \frac{3(s+2)+6}{(s+2)^2+9} \\x(t) &= e^{-2t}(3 \cos 3t + 2 \sin 3t)\end{aligned}$$

2. naloga.

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= u + xu'2x = u + 2x^2u' \\y'' &= u'2x + 4xu' + 2x^2u''2x = 6xu' + 4x^3u'' \\6x^3u' + 4x^5u'' - xu - 2x^3u' + (4x^3 - 3)xu &= 0 \\4x^4u'' + 4x^2u' + (4x^4 - 4)u &= 0 \\z^2u'' + zu' + (z^2 - 1)u &= 0 \\u &= \mathcal{J}_1(z) \\y &= x\mathcal{J}_1(x^2)\end{aligned}$$

3. naloga.

$$\begin{aligned}\int_0^p (qx - 1)x \, dx &= q\frac{p^3}{3} - \frac{p^2}{2} \longrightarrow q\frac{p}{3} = \frac{1}{2} \\ \int_0^p (15\sqrt{x} - q)x \, dx &= 15\frac{2\sqrt{p^5}}{5} - q\frac{p^2}{2} \longrightarrow 6\sqrt{p} = \frac{q}{2}\end{aligned}$$

zmnoži oboje

$$\begin{aligned}2\sqrt{p^3} &= \frac{1}{4} \\p &= \frac{1}{4} \\q &= 6\end{aligned}$$

skupina B

1. naloga.

$$\begin{aligned}x'' + 6x' + 13x &= 0 \\s^2X - 2s + 6(sX - 2) + 13X &= 0 \\(s^2 + 6s + 13)X &= 2s + 12 \\X &= \frac{2(s+3)+6}{(s+3)^2+4} \\x(t) &= e^{-3t}(2 \cos 2t + 3 \sin 2t)\end{aligned}$$

2. naloga.

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= u + xu'(-\frac{1}{x^2}) = u - \frac{u'}{x} \\y'' &= u'(-\frac{1}{x^2}) - \frac{u''(-\frac{1}{x^2})x - u'}{x^2} = \frac{u''}{x^3} \\ \frac{u''}{x^2} - u + \frac{u'}{x} + \frac{u}{x^2} &= 0 \\z^2u'' + zu' + (z^2 - 1)u &= 0 \\u &= \mathcal{J}_1(z) \\y &= x\mathcal{J}_1(\frac{1}{x})\end{aligned}$$

3. naloga.

$$\begin{aligned}\int_0^b (x - a)x \, dx &= \frac{b^3}{3} - a\frac{b^2}{2} \\ \int_0^b (\frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} - a)x \, dx &= 4\frac{2\sqrt{b^3}}{3} - a\frac{b^2}{2}\end{aligned}$$

izenači oboje

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{b^3}{3} &= \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{b^3} \\ \sqrt{b^3} &= 8 \\ b &= 4 \\ a &= \frac{8}{3}\end{aligned}$$